## **TAB 13b**

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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF WEST VIRGINIA AT CHARLESTON

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THE CITY OF HUNTINGTON, : Civil Action

Plaintiff, : No. 3:17-cv-01362

V.

AMERISOURCEBERGEN DRUG CORPORATION, et al.,

Defendants. :

CABELL COUNTY COMMISSION, : Civil Action

Plaintiff, : No. 3:17-cv-01665

V.

AMERISOURCEBERGEN DRUG CORPORATION, et al.,

Defendants. :

BENCH TRIAL - VOLUME 23
BEFORE THE HONORABLE DAVID A. FABER, SENIOR STATUS JUDGE
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
IN CHARLESTON, WEST VIRGINIA

JUNE 9, 2021

- 1 the harms of diversion; correct?
- 2 A. That is correct.
- 3 Q. In fact, one of the DEA's core functions is to prevent
- 4 the diversion of controlled substances into illicit
- 5 channels; correct? That's a core function of the DEA?
- 6 **A.** Yes.
- 7 Q. At the same time, and I think you talked about this in
- 8 some of your testimony yesterday particularly on quota, DEA
- 9 has a mission to ensure an adequate and uninterrupted supply
- of controlled substances; correct?
- 11 A. That's correct.
- 12 Q. And you agree that it's vital that an adequate and
- uninterrupted supply of pharmaceutical controlled substances
- 14 be available for effective patient care?
- 15 **A.** Yes.
- 16 Q. It's a public health concern when pharmacies cannot
- dispense legitimate pharmaceutical controlled substances to
- 18 patients; correct?
- 19 A. To legitimate patients, yes.
- 20 Q. There can be no doubt that drug shortages adversely
- 21 affect the public health; correct?
- 22 A. That's, that's obvious, yes.
- 23 Q. All right. From your experience, you agree that when
- 24 it comes to the supply of prescription opioids, supply does
- 25 not drive demand?

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1
            Supply does not drive demand.
 2
                 MR. ACKERMAN: Your Honor, while Mr. Schmidt is
 3
       writing, if it's at all possible for the Court to move that
 4
       to our screens, then I don't need to stand here with my
 5
       friends.
                 MR. SCHMIDT: Yeah, no objection, of course.
 6
 7
                 THE COURT: Yeah. Just find a good place there,
       Mr. Ackerman.
 8
 9
                 MR. SCHMIDT: I'm sorry. Before you switch it,
10
       the problem is that we may need to put up documents on the
11
       individual screen.
12
                 MR. ACKERMAN: All right. I'll find a chair over
13
       here.
14
                 MR. SCHMIDT: There's an empty one at my table.
15
            (Laughter)
16
       BY MR. SCHMIDT:
17
           Going back to this point, when it comes to demand
18
       for prescription opioids, that comes not from supply but
19
       from prescribing and dispensing in hospitals; correct?
20
            No, not necessarily. Demand also -- when we're talking
21
       about quota, it has things to do with research and
22
       development, validation, export, things like that.
23
            When it comes to -- let me rephrase. When it comes to
24
       demand, demand comes from things like prescribing,
25
       hospitals, research and development, export; correct?
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Ayme A. Cochran, RMR, CRR (304) 347-3128

- 1 A. For that portion of the quota. Well, yeah, total, yes.
- 2 Q. The demand is driven by patient care and patient needs;
- 3 | correct?
- 4 A. A large part of the quota is patient needs.
- 5 Q. Not by supply; correct? I didn't hear if you answered.
- 6 I apologize, sir. Not by supply; correct?
- 7 A. No, supply is not what drives demand.
- 8 COURT REPORTER: I'm sorry?
- 9 THE WITNESS: Demand drives the quota.
- 10 BY MR. SCHMIDT:
- 11 Q. Your understanding of what drives demand for
- opioids is appropriate medical treatment; correct?
- 13 A. Yes, if -- appropriate medical treatment, yes.
- 14 Q. And prescription opioid levels in turn -- prescription
- opioid levels in turn are based on the presumption that
- 16 | medical need is legitimate; correct?
- 17 A. Yes. Appropriate medical treatment does drive some of
- 18 the demand, yes.
- 19 Q. And just because you have a supply of prescription
- 20 opioids does not mean the supply must be used; correct?
- 21 A. That's correct.
- 22 Q. Correspondingly, reducing supply doesn't necessarily
- 23 reduce demand; correct?
- 24 A. That's correct.
- 25 Q. All right. Now, in terms of supply level, you never